

ber 26, from the effects of being struck by a train the previous day.

John F. Eddelman, M.D. Rush Medical College, Chicago, 1896, a practitioner of that city, died at Presbyterian Hospital, September 19, from typhoid fever, aged 46.

Seth C. Lacey, M.D. University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, 1861, died at his home in Aberdeen, S. D., September 18, after a long illness, aged 69.

Isaac G. Woolsey, M.D. Cincinnati College of Medicine and Surgery, died from heart disease at his home in Woolsey, Ga., September 11, aged 73.

John Porter Gaston, M.D. Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tenn., 1901, died at his home near Gilbertsboro, Ala., September 20, aged 35.

Jacob Eisenstadt, M.D. Russia, 1887, a Denver physician, died recently at Redding, Cal., where he had gone on account of declining health.

James Francis Hamilton, M.D. University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, 1893, died at his home in Philadelphia, September 1.

John S. Shepherd, M.D. State University of Iowa, Iowa City, 1875, died at his home in Postville, Iowa, August 28, aged 76.

Arthur E. Nichols, M.D. Bellevue Hospital Medical College, 1879, died at his summer home, Charlotte, N. Y., September 28, aged 48.

Alfred L. Gaston, M.D. Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tenn., 1891, died at his home in Marbut, Tenn., September 23.

Job S. Coggeshall, M.D., 1874, died at his home in Ogdens, Ill., September 14, from consumption, after a long illness.

Deaths Abroad.

Dr. Alcina y Rance, professor of therapeutics and materia medica in the Medical Faculty of Cadiz.—**Dr. Alexander William Michael von Hasselt**, one of the oldest medical officers of the Dutch army, aged 88.—**Dr. Josef Bergson**, formerly privat docent of internal medicine in the University of Berlin, nearly 90.—**Dr. P. Delacour**, director of the Medical School of Rennes, aged 76.—**John Climenson Day**, M.R.C.S. and L.S.A., 1846; M.D. Lond., 1884, died from lymphadenoma, August 17, aged 78.

Dr. J. Unterlugauer, who has lived at Graz since his retirement from active life in 1899. He was a medical officer in the Austrian Army until entrusted with the task of creating a sanitary organization in Bosnia and Herzegovina. As the result of his efforts these countries have now a model sanitary organization, smallpox has been exterminated and hospitals erected in every province, of which the Sarajevo national hospital is said to be a "European model institution."

Thomas Frederick Grimsdale, M.R.C.S. Eng., J.P., one of the best-known practitioners of Liverpool, died at his home in Hoylake, August 29, aged 79. He made a specialty of obstetrics and gynecology, and lectured for twenty years on these subjects in the Liverpool School of Medicine. His most notable operative achievement was the enucleation of a uterine fibroid, in 1857, one of the earliest successful cases on record.

Arthur Barry Blacker, M.R.C.S. Eng., 1884; L.R.C.P. Lond., 1886; M.D. Durham, 1890, superintendent of the x-ray department, St. Thomas' Hospital, London, and the Hospital for Consumption, Brompton, died, September 10, after a long illness, aged 40.

Dr. Adolfo Targioni-Tozzetti, Medical Faculty of the University of Florence, Italy, 1848, emeritus professor of comparative anatomy and the zoology of the invertebrates, in his alma mater, died at Careggi, September 18, aged 79.

George Mickley, M.A., M.B., M.E. Cantab., M.S.A., a specialist in nervous and mental disease, died at his home in Saffron Walden, August 10.

Miscellany.

Case of Naphthalin Cataract in Man.—A. Lezenius of St. Petersburg reports the first case of an actual cataract produced in man by ingestion of naphthalin, confirming the results obtained on animals. In the experiments in this line 1 gm. of naphthalin per kilogram of body weight of the animals induced a cataract formation. In the case described the patient was a

pharmacist 36 years old, robust and eyesight normal. A physician prescribed for him, in 1900, naphthalin in the dose of 5 gm. to 200 gm. castor oil as he exhibited symptoms of an inflammation of the bowels. He took the whole amount in thirteen hours at one-hour intervals. He awoke next morning with pain in the bladder and found that he could scarcely see. The perinuclear cloudiness of both lenses had increased by the ninth hour until he could only count fingers at 4 feet. Reading and writing were impossible. The cloudiness has persisted unchanged, the first phase of zonular cataract. It had not been operated on at the time the article appeared in the *Klin. Monatsblatt f. Augenhk.*

Etiology and Treatment of "Tics."—H. Meige of Paris has been devoting much time and study to the essence of "tics" and their treatment. He has recently published a work of 640 pages on the subject and in an address at the French Neurologic Congress in August proclaimed the chief results of his research. He says he has established that a "tic" is a psycho-motor trouble, in which the cerebral cortex is always involved to a certain extent. In this it differs from spasms, which are merely reflex manifestations of spinal-bulbar origin. A tic must be regarded as a functional act whose irregularity and inappropriateness depend on psychic disturbances. There is, therefore, a physiologic and a psychologic factor in every tic and treatment should be guided by this fact. Attentive surveillance, training of the spasmodic act under systematic direction and repetition, with suggestion and other psychic measures, ensure gratifying results.

Book Notices.

A TREATISE ON THE PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICE OF GYNECOLOGY. By E. C. Dudley, A. M., M.D., Professor of Gynecology in the Northwestern University Medical School, Chicago. New (3d) Edition. Enlarged and Thoroughly Revised. In One Very Handsome Octavo Volume of 756 Pages, with 474 Engravings, of Which 60 Are in Colors and 22 Colored Plates. Cloth. Price, \$5.00 net. Philadelphia and New York: Lea Brothers & Co.

A new edition of a book is too often only a reprint of previous editions with just enough "revision" to eliminate error. Hence, when one picks up a new edition of a work one is prepared to find the same old book. In this instance, however, a first glance shows that Dudley has more than revised his book; he has given us so much new matter and rewritten so much of the old that it is practically a new work. Some of the chapters are entirely new, and many have been rewritten. In the matter of illustrations, there is a decided improvement. Many of these are in colors and not a few of the old black and white drawings have been discarded and replaced by new and better ones. As a rule the major and most of the minor operations are illustrated with drawings to show the technic step by step. Thus curettage is illustrated by five drawings, supravaginal hysteromyectomy by twelve, and vaginal hysterectomy by fifteen. All of the drawings and colored plates are beautiful, but what is of most importance, they are practical and helpful to the student in that they graphically carry to the mind through the eye detail in technic that is impossible to understand and appreciate from the text. The six colored plates giving in detail the technic of vaginal hysterectomy are deserving of the highest commendation both for their artistic beauty and for their practical value. Dudley's book has always been held in high esteem both by the specialist and by the general practitioner who is compelled to do a certain amount of gynecologic work, and this edition will, we are sure, make it still more popular.

GRAYSON'S DISEASES OF THE NOSE, THROAT AND EAR. A Treatise on the Diseases of the Throat, Nose and the Associated Affections of the Ear. By Charles P. Grayson, M.D. Lecturer on and Instructor in Laryngology, in the Medical Department, University of Pennsylvania. In One 8vo Volume of 549 Pages, with 129 Engravings and 8 Colored Plates. Cloth, \$3.50. Philadelphia and New York: Lea Brothers & Co. 1902.

The relation of diseases of the ear to the nose and throat is so intimate that the presentation of the whole subject in a single work is very acceptable. While the work presents little that is especially new or original, at the same time it is practical and instructive. Instead of giving the treatment of these

diseases exhaustively, the author dwells only on such treatment as he has found most satisfactory. While this enables the reader who cares to do so to follow closely in the lines recommended it is disappointing to the practitioner who is looking for helpful ideas from others. The book will be particularly valuable to the beginner who wishes a terse description. It is well printed and would be a valuable addition to the library of most practitioners.

THE MEDICAL DIRECTORY OF NEW YORK, NEW JERSEY AND CONNECTICUT. Volume IV, 1902-1903. Pp. 958. Price, \$2.50. Published by the New York State Medical Association, 64 Madison Ave., New York.

To say that the last issue of the New York, New Jersey and Connecticut Directory is as good as the preceding ones is all that need be said. The general plan of arrangement is ideal, and makes reference to it easy and satisfactory. The use of different colored paper for different lists is excellent. All information in regard to medical laws, hospitals, dispensaries, medical colleges, societies and associations with lists of members as well as a large amount of other information is given. Those who have had the responsibility of getting up this directory are deserving the highest praise, and should be supported by the profession of the states covered. We hope the time will soon come when other state bodies will take up this work.

Societies.

COMING MEETINGS.

Mississippi Valley Medical Association, Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 15, 1902.

Conference State and Provincial Boards of Health of North America, New Haven, Conn., Oct. 28-29, 1902.

Oklahoma Territory Medical Association, Guthrie, Nov. 11, 1902.
Southern Surgical and Gynecological Association, Cincinnati, Nov. 12-14, 1902.

Medical Society of the Missouri Valley.—In the report of the annual meeting of this society, the new secretary was given as Dr. Wood, Sioux City. Dr. Charles Wood Fassett, St. Joseph, was elected secretary of the society.

Carroll County (Ill.) Medical Society.—This society met at Mount Carroll, September 16, and elected Dr. Joseph Haller, Lanar, president; Dr. Frederick H. Snow, Chadwick, vice-president, and Dr. Henry S. Metcalf, Mount Carroll, secretary.

East Tennessee Medical Association.—This association met at Morristown, September 25, and elected Dr. William A. Applegate, Chattanooga, president; Dr. Charles J. Broyles, Johnson City, secretary, and Dr. William J. Mathews, Johnson City, treasurer.

Shiawassee County (Mich.) Medical Society.—This society was organized at Owosso September 30, with the following officers: President, Dr. Dryden H. Lamb, Owosso; vice-president, Dr. R. H. Scott, Laingsburg; and secretary, Dr. Charles Shickle, Owosso.

Harlem (N. Y.) Medical Association.—The annual election resulted in the selection of the following officers: Dr. Edward L. Cocks, president; Dr. William H. Luckett, vice-president; Dr. Percy H. Fridenberg, secretary, and Dr. Israel L. Feinberg, treasurer.

Washington County (Minn.) Medical Society.—This society was organized at Stillwater, September 24, with the following officers: Dr. Willis H. Pratt, president; Drs. E. O'Brien Freligh and Burton J. Merrill, vice-presidents, and Dr. James H. Haines, secretary and treasurer.

The Association of Hospital Superintendents of the United States and Canada.—This association will hold its fourth conference October 14, 15 and 16, in Philadelphia. Dr. Jesse T. Duryea, general medical superintendent of hospitals, Brooklyn, is president of the association.

Minnesota Academy of Medicine.—At its meeting in Minneapolis, October 1, the academy elected Dr. J. Warren Little, Minneapolis, president; Dr. William Davis, St. Paul, vice-president; and re-elected for the fourteenth time, Dr. Richard O. Beard, Minneapolis, secretary-treasurer.

Somerset County (Me.) Medical Association.—At the thirty-eighth annual meeting of this organization, held in Fairfield, September 24, Dr. Warren G. Sawyer, Madison, was elected president; Dr. John L. Pepper, Madison, vice-president, and Dr. Howard C. Taggart, Skowhegan, secretary.

McLeod County (Minn.) Medical Society.—This society perfected its organization at a meeting held in Glencoe, Octo-

ber 1, and elected the following officers: Dr. Kee Wakefield, Hutchinson, president; Dr. David W. Bolles, Brownston, vice-president, and Dr. Frank E. Burch, Glencoe, secretary.

Wayne County (Mich.) Medical Society.—Almost 200 physicians of Detroit and Wayne County met at Detroit, October 2, and elected the following officers of the Wayne County Medical Society: Dr. Frank B. Tibbals, president; Dr. Charles G. Jennings, vice-president, and Dr. Hugh Mulheron, secretary, all of Detroit.

Oconto County (Wis.) Medical Association.—The physicians of Oconto County met at Oconto Falls, September 25, and perfected the organization of a county association. Dr. Herman F. Ohswaldt, Oconto Falls, president; Dr. O. H. Arndt, Oconto Falls, vice-president; Dr. A. S. White, Gillet, secretary, and Dr. J. C. Grant, Lena, treasurer.

Beth Israel Hospital Alumni Association.—This society has recently been organized in New York, to promote social intercourse among its members, and to advance the science of medicine and the art of surgery, with the following officers: Dr. Abraham Hymanson, president; Dr. George S. Mills, treasurer, and Dr. Meyer Rabinovitz, secretary.

Laramie County (Wyo.) Medical Association.—This society met for organization at Cheyenne, September 27, adopted the constitution and by-laws suggested by the American Medical Association for county organizations, and elected Dr. William W. Crook, president; Dr. Amos W. Barber, vice-president; Dr. William A. Burgess, secretary, and Dr. William A. Wyman, treasurer, all of Cheyenne.

Tenth District (Mich.) Medical Society.—A meeting was held at Grayling September 22, by the registered physicians of Roscommon, Crawford, Otsego, Montmorency, Oscoda and Ogemaw counties, for the purpose of forming a district medical society. The organization was effected by the election of the following officers: President, Dr. S. N. Inslay, Grayling; vice-president, Dr. William H. Witter, West Branch; secretary, Dr. Clifford C. Curnalia, Roscommon, and treasurer, Dr. H. B. Kiehle, Rose City.

Central New York Alumni Association of Albany Medical College.—The second annual meeting of this association was held in Syracuse, September 24. The following officers were elected: Dr. Charles B. Tefft, Utica, president; Drs. Thomas P. Scully, Rome, Frank L. Harter, Syracuse, Irving S. Edsall, Middleville, George P. Johnson, Mexico, Walter K. Quackenbush, Trenton, and George F. Gardner, Ellisburg, vice-presidents; Dr. Frederick H. Brewer, Utica, secretary, and Dr. Earl D. Fuller, Utica, treasurer.

St. Joseph (Mo.) Medical Society.—The regular bi-monthly meeting of the society was held September 23. The most important business transacted was the taking of the necessary steps to affiliate the local organization with the state medical association. To this end a committee was appointed to revise the local constitution and by-laws. At the meeting of the state association last May a new constitution was adopted, which made necessary a change in the local by-laws. This change, if adopted by the society, will make it eligible for membership in the state organization.

Central Tri-State Medical Society of Kentucky, West Virginia and Ohio.—This society holds its 7th quarterly meeting at Huntington, W. Va., October 16. On the program we notice "Forty Years' Changes in Surgical Science and Art," by Dr. Phineas T. Connor, Cincinnati; "The Causal Relation of Defective Eyesight to Some Morbid Nervous Phenomena," by Dr. Allen P. Banfield, Buchanan, Ky., and the exhibition of specimens and photographs by Dr. B. Merrill Ricketts, Cincinnati. At the meeting held July 17, THE JOURNAL of the American Medical Association was adopted as the official organ of the society.

International Surgical Association.—A large number of foreign surgeons who were present at the Belgian Congress of Surgery voted the organization of an international society, to be composed of the surgeons of the world. The following were appointed a committee to prepare the constitution and by-laws of the new association: Roswell Park, for the United States; Broca, for France; Sonnenburg, for Germany; Giordano, for Italy; Reginald Harrison, for England; Gussenbauer, for Austria; Bloch, for Denmark; Willems, for Belgium; Da Isla, for Spain; Djemil Pasha, for Turkey; Rotgans, for Holland; Jonnesco, for Roumania; Williaminoff, for Russia; Reverdin, for Switzerland, and Borelius, for Sweden. It is proposed to have an annual meeting of the new association.

The Belgian Congress of Surgery.—Fractures, appendicitis and surgical antisepsis and aseptics were the subjects discussed at this congress, which met at Brussels, September 8 to